

Acceptance & Reception Procedure

DEE - Departamento de Estruturas e Edifícos		
Aluminum Window	Document No.: ARP/DEE/007	
	Rev. No.:	С
	Date:	2016/06/06
	Page No.:	1 of 5

1 Reference Standard

Air Permeability

GB/T 7106-2008: Graduations and test methods of air permeability watertightness wind load resistance performance for building external windows and doors
GB 50176-1993: Thermal Design Code for Civil Building
GB/T 8478-2008: Aluminum alloy window and door
JGJ 214-2010: Technical code for aluminum alloy window and door engineering

Materials for Aluminium Alloy Windows

Reference standard: BS 4873:2004 Aluminium profiles: BS EN 755-9:2001 or equivalent; Aluminium ancillary components: BS EN 485-2:1995 or equivalent; Anodized oxidation coating on aluminium: BS 1615, BS 3987 or equivalent; Liquid organic coating on aluminium: BS 4842 or equivalent; Powder organic coating on aluminium: BS 6496 or equivalent; PVDF coating on aluminium: GB/T 5237.5-2000 or equivalent; Other materials being used shall conform to the standard BS 4873:2004.

Flat Tempered Glass

ASTM C 1048 -2004 Standard Specification for Heat- Treated Flat Glass- Kind HS, Kind FT Coated and Uncoated Glass EN 12150-1 – 2000 Glass in Building – thermally Toughened Soda Lime Silicate Safety Glass- Part 1 : Definition and Description GB 15763.2-2005 Safety Glazing Materials in Building – Part 2: Tempered Glass

Flat Tempered glass (2)

GB 9962-1999 Laminated glass GB 15763.2-2005 Safety glazing materials in building—Part 2: Tempered glass



Acceptance & Reception Procedure

DEE - Departamento de Estruturas e Edifícos		
	Document No.: ARP/DEE/007	
Aluminum window	Rev. No.:	С
	Date:	2016/06/06
	Page No.:	2 of 5

Field check for water-tightness properties

The Reference standards are American Architectural Manufacturers Association Specification AAMA

501.2-09.

2 Approval Procedure

2.1 **Documents**

The following documents shall be submitted for approval:

Do	cuments	Requirements
a)	Design documents	Specification
		Material requirement
		Design Calculation (included shop drawing, mechanical
		properties calculation, etc.)
		 Design wind load (included all the factors)
b)	Manufacturer catalogue	• The catalogue shall include type of material, specification
c)	Recent Manufacturer Auto	• Test reports shall be the latest within 1 year
	Control	
	Test Reports	

Remark: Factory visit(s) may be required depends on the actual situation. In case of doubt, LECM has right to collect sample(s) from the factory for testing(s).

2.2 Mock-up test

Sample of aluminum window shall be submitted for mock-up test. The test should be carried out according to GB/T 7106-2008 for the air permeability, water-tightness and wind load resistance properties of the aluminum window. Number of specimens shall be according to the designer or owner requirement. If the number of specimens is not specified, it is recommended to take 3 specimens of each typical type of aluminum window for the test. When the contractor could provide a mock-up test report of the aluminum window from a third party, and the window stated in the report is the same manufacturer, same model or a typical model that can represent the model used in the project, mock-up test could be exempted



Acceptance & Reception Procedure

DEE - Departamento de Estruturas e Edifícos Aluminum Window Rev. No.: C Date: 2016/06/06 Page No.: 3 of 5

Table 2.1 – Test Items

Testing Item	Test Standards	Direction
Air permeability	GB/T 7106-2008	Test for the quantity of air permeability of the aluminum
		window at 10Pa pressure difference
Water-tightness	GB/T 7106-2008	Test for water-tightness of the aluminum window at
(Dynamic Pressure		specified pressure
Method)		
Wind load resistance	GB/T 7106-2008	Test for deformation or workability of the aluminum
		window at specified pressure

3 Reception Procedure

3.1 Materials for Aluminum Alloy Windows

Materials for aluminum alloy windows should be according to ARP/DMC/11 for reception..

3.2 **Glass**

Glass should be according to ARP/DEE/008 and ARP/DMC/13 for reception.

3.3 Field check for water-tightness properties

After installation work of the aluminum window was finished, field check for water-tightness properties of aluminum window should be carried according to ARP/DEE/006 for reception.

4 Acceptance criteria

4.1 Mock-up test

Testing item	Test standards	Minimum requirement
Air permeability	GB/T 7106-2008	1. Calculate for the quantity of air permeability at 10Pa
		pressure difference whether it can satisfy the design
		requirement
		2. When there is no design requirement, the air
		permeability should not be lower than that stated at



Acceptance & Reception Procedure

DEE - Departamento de Estruturas e Edifícos

Aluminum Window	Document No	Document No.: ARP/DEE/007	
	Rev. No.:	С	
	Date:	2016/06/06	
	Page No.:	4 of 5	

		GB/T 7106-2008 table 1:
		Class 4 (for buildings of 6 or less than 6 storeys)
		Class 6 (for buildings of more than 6 storeys)
Water-tightness	GB/T 7106-2008	1. No leakage observed at the specific test pressure (if
(Dynamic Pressure		there is no design requirement, the test pressure
Method)		should not be less than 0.2 design wind load $W_{\mbox{\tiny k}}$
		2. For the classification test, gradually increase the test
		pressure until leakage occurred, the pressure level
		before leakage occurred is the classification
		pressure.
Wind load resistance	GB/T 7106-2008	Engineering test(Design wind load W_k is provided):
		1. Distortion test: obtain P_1 at the largest frontal
		deflection, P_1 should be not less than $0.4W_{k_i}$ the
		largest frontal deflection is shown in table 4.1
		2. Repeated Pressure test: Test at $P_2 = 1.5 P_1$ or
		$0.6W_k$ design wind load (whatever which is smaller),
		the specimen should not be damaged or malfunction.
		3. Test at $P_3 = 2.5 P_1$ (Test pressure should not be
		lower than the design wind load W_k , if test pressure
		P_3 is greater than W_k , test pressure $P_3{=}W_k$ is
		considerable), the specimen should not be damaged
		or malfunction.
		Grade test(Design wind load W_k is not provided):
		1. Distortion test: obtain P_1 at the largest frontal
		deflection, the largest frontal deflection is shown in
		table 4.1
		2. Repeated Pressure test: Test at $P_2 = 1.5 P_1$, the
		specimen should not be damaged or malfunction.
		3. Test at $P_3 = 2.5 P_1$, the specimen should not be
		damaged or malfunction.



Acceptance & Reception Procedure

DEE - Departamento de Estruturas e Edifícos Document No.: ARP/DEE/007 Rev. No.: C Date: 2016/06/06 Page No.: 5 of 5

Table 4.1 The largest frontal deflection of the distortion test

Aluminum window Specimen type	Main frame allowable deflection	Distortion test largest frontal deflection
Single glass or Laminated glass	± 1/120	± 1/300
Hollow glass	± 1/180	± 1/450
Fixed glass	± 1/60	± 1/150
Single Hinged opening	20mm	10mm

All the tests listed on the above table should be complied with the minimum requirements. If three specimens pass the test, the aluminum window can be accepted. If one of three specimens fails, 3 additional specimens will be selected to retest. The aluminum window will be accepted only when these three additional samples passed. If more than one specimen fails, the aluminum window cannot be accepted. The contractor is responsible to find out the reason of failure and repair the failure part. Retest of the aluminum window should be carried out.

4.2 Other test

For the tests of acceptance procedure, the acceptance criteria should be referred to the corresponding Approval & Reception Procedure.